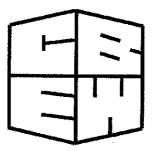
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

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Charles E. Crooks, Jr., CPA - Trisha J. Rieman, CPA - Gabrielle M. Conchola, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

January 3, 2023

The Honorable City Council City of Pawnee Pawnee, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information prepared on a modified cash basis of the City of Pawnee, Oklahoma, (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

City of Pawnee January 3, 2023

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position—modified cash basis of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pawnee, Oklahoma as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position—modified cash basis, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matters

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Disclaimer of Opinion on Supplementary Information

The budgetary comparison information on pages 29-30 and notes on page 31, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CBEW Professional Group, LLP

CBEW Professional Group, LLP Certified Public Accountants

CITY OF PAWNEE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2021

			Pr	imary Governme	nt	
	_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets:	Ī		•		_	"
Cash and investments:						
Cash & cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	288,738	\$	257,735	\$	546,473
Investments, at cost		106,594		27,779		134,373
Restricted assets:						
Insurance deposit		6,278		-		6,278
Cash & cash equivalents (Note 2)		-		391,573		391,573
Investments, at cost		-		57,301		57,301
Capital assets:		•				
Land		134,000		143,735		277,735
Depreciable buildings, property, equipment and						
infrastructure, net of depreciation (Notes 1 & 2)	_	2,173,568	_	11,671,197	_	13,844,765
Total assets	\$_	2,709,178	\$	12,549,320	\$_	15,258,498
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Deferred amounts related to pensions	_	_				-
Total deferred outflows	_	_			_	
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Meter deposit payable	\$	-	\$	141,609	\$	141,609
Capital lease payable		61,589		-		61,589
Notes payable (Note 2)		10,000		538,055		548,055
Settlement payable (Note 2)				45,000		45,000
Revenue bonds payable (Note 2)		-		310,000		310,000
Non-current liabilities: Capital lease payable		40 440				40.440
Notes payable (Note 2)		12,412		- E 654 640		12,412
Settlement payable (Note 2)		-		5,651,642 63,750		5,651,642
Revenue bonds payable (Note 2)		_		825,000		63,750 825,000
Total liabilities	-	84,001		7,575,056	-	7,659,057
	=	0-1,001	:	7,070,000	=	7,009,007
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Deferred amounts related to pensions Total deferred inflows	_				-	
total deferred innows	-			-	-	-
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		2,223,567		4,490,235		6,713,802
Restricted		281,563		320,251		601,814
Unrestricted	_	120,047		163,778	_	283,825
Total net position	\$ =	2,625,177	\$	4,974,264	\$_	7,599,441

CITY OF PAWNEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2021

		F	Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense)/			
Governmental activities:		LAPENSES	Services	Continuutions	Contributions	Revenue			
General government:									
City clerk	\$	149,523 \$	_	\$ - \$	2	\$ (149,523)			
City mayor	•	. 10,020 Q	_	Ψ - (, - -	φ (148,023)			
City treasurer		_	_	_		-			
General government		442,328	3,360	166,789	-	(272 470)			
Total general government		591,851	3,360	166,789		(272,179) (421,702)			
Public safety and judiciary:	-	001,001	0,000	100,708		(421,702)			
Animal control		18,765	883	25		(47 DEZ)			
Code enforcement		65		20	-	(17,857)			
911 fund		42,390	69,397	-	-	(65)			
City attorney		72,000	09,597	-	-	27,007			
Fire and ambulance		532,101	325,808	400.050	-	-			
Municipal court		8,327		109,050	-	(97,243)			
Police		322,780	21,119	-	-	12,792			
Total public safety and judiciary	_	924,428	- 447 007	400.075		(322,780)			
Transportation:	-	924,420	417,207	109,075		(398,146)			
Streets		400 707							
Total transportation	_	166,737	-	-		(166,737)			
Cultural, parks and recreation:	_	166,737	-			(166,737)			
Cemetery		0.404	40 700						
Lake		8,194	12,726	2,050	-	6,582			
		-	47,145	-	-	47,145			
Library Parks & bath house		68,527	-	400		(68,127)			
	_	137,868	10,479			(127,389)			
Total cultural, parks and recreation	_	214,589	70,350	2,450		(141,789)			
Unallocated depreciation*		120,631		-		(120,631)			
Total governmental activities	_	2,018,236	490,917	278,314	_	(1,249,005)			
Business-type activities									
General & administrative		141,048	-	-	_	(141,048)			
Personal services		441,113	_	-	-	(441,113)			
Electric service		1,291,982	2,529,477	=	113,871	1,351,366			
Water service		103,159	417,488	=	· <u>-</u>	314,329			
Sewer & refuse service		414,104	545,607	_	15,978	147,481			
Industrial authority		-	17,520	_	-	17,520			
Municipal authority		-	36,500	_	_	36,500			
Financing costs		260,403	_	_		(260,403)			
Unallocated depreciation*		516,832	_	_	-	(516,832)			
Total business-type activities	_	3,168,641	3,546,592		129,849	507,800			
Total primary government	\$ <u></u>	5,186,877 \$	4,037,509	\$ 278,314	129,849	\$ (741,205)			

^{* -} This amount does not include the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of various programs.

CITY OF PAWNEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Net (expense)/revenue	\$	(1,249,005)	507,800 \$	(741,205)
General revenues:				
Taxes:				
Sales and use taxes		871,681	-	871,681
Cigarette taxes		7,055	-	7,055
Franchise taxes		15,823	-	15,823
Intergovernmental		66,822	-	66,822
Investment earnings		8,490	410	8,900
Miscellaneous		84,062	54,644	138,706
Property sales		4,995	8,919	13,914
Net pension changes		-	-	-
Late charges		-	77,084	77,084
Transfers		222,931	(222,931)	<u>-</u>
Total general revenues and transfers		1,281,859	(81,874)	1,199,985
Change in net position		32,854	425,926	458,780
Net position - beginning of year	<u></u>	2,592,323	4,548,338	7,140,661
Net position - end of year	\$	2,625,177	4,974,264	7,599,441

CITY OF PAWNEE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2021

	_	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				
Cash and investments:	_			
Cash & cash equivalents	\$	154,827 \$	•	•
Investments, at cost Restricted assets:		51,379	55,215	106,594
Insurance deposit		6,278	-	6,278
	_			
Total assets	\$ _	212,484 \$	189,126	\$ 401,610
Liabilities:				
Cash overdraft	\$_	\$		\$
Total liabilities	_	-		
Fund balance:				
Restricted for:				
Cemetery		-	118,115	118,115
Other purposes		50,362	71,011	121,373
Committed to:				
Police, fire & ambulance		42,075	-	42,075
Unassigned	_	120,047		120,047
Total fund balance		212,484	189,126	401,610
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$_	212,484 \$	189,126	\$401,610

CITY OF PAWNEE

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	401,610
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different	nt becau	ise:	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:	not		
Capital leases and notes payable			(84,001)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:	ore		
Land \$	5	134,000	
Buildings & Improvements		322,378	
Major movable equipment	2,	279,317	
Infrastructure	,	872,897	
Accumulated Depreciation	(3,	301,024)	
Total		 -	2,307,568

2,625,177

Net position of governmental activities

CITY OF PAWNEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2021

_		General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	388,313 \$	78,125	466,438
Licenses and permits		3,360	-	3,360
Miscellaneous revenue		83,736	326	84,062
Franchise fees		15,823	-	15,823
Fines and forfeitures		21,119	-	21,119
Sales and use tax		871,681	-	871,681
Cigarette taxes		7,055	-	7,055
Intergovernmental programs		48,429	18,393	66,822
Donations		3,025	2,050	5,075
Interest		7,906	584	8,490
Property sales		4,995	_	4,995
Grants		273,239	_	273,239
Total revenues		1,728,681	99,478	1,828,159
				1,020,100
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government		591,851	_	591,851
Public safety		882,012	42,390	924,402
Highways & roads		-	166,737	166,737
Cultural, parks & recreation		206,395	8,194	214,589
Health & welfare		200,000	0,104	214,009
Economic development		_	_	-
Lease payments		64,679	15,212	- 79,891
Capital outlay		137,484	13,212	·
Total expenditures		1,882,421	232,533	137,484
		1,002,421	202,000	2,114,954
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures		(153,740)	(133,055)	/206 705\
		(133,740)	(133,055)	(286,795)
Other financing uses:				
Operating transfers in (out)		120,784	102,147	222,931
Loan proceeds		105,250	102,147	
25411 (11005045		103,230		105,250
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures & transfers		72.204	(20,000)	44.000
orportation or entitled		72,294	(30,908)	41,386
Fund balance - beginning of year		140,190	220,034	360,224
	_			
Fund balance - end of year	\$	212,484 \$	189,126	401,610

CITY OF PAWNEE

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	41,386
Amounts reported for governemental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental Funds report note payments as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the principal paid on that liability is applied against the liability. This is the amount of principal recorded in the current period.		<u>.</u> .
Governmental Funds report loan proceeds as revenue. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the proceeds received are recorded as a liability. This is the amount received in the current period.		(105,250)
Governmental Funds report lease payments as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, the principal paid on that liability is applied against the liability. This is the amount of principal recorded in the current period.		79,865
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.		137,484
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in Governmental Funds.	p	(120,631)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	32,854

CITY OF PAWNEE STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2021

Business-type	Activities -	- Enterprise	Funds

		Pawnee Public Works Authority			tho	rity		Pawnee		Pawnee		
	_	Water &		Sewage & Solid		Meter		Industrial Authority		Municipal Authority		
Annaha.	_	Electric	_	Waste	_	Fund	_	(Non-major)	_	(Non-major)	_	Totals
Assets:												
Cash and investments:	•		_		_		_					
Cash & cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	171,138	\$	37,439	\$	•	\$	31,832	\$	17,326 \$	1	257,735
Investments, at cost		27,779		-		-		-		-		27,779
Restricted assets:												
Cash & cash equivalents (Note 2)		152,268		167,983		71,322		-		-		391,573
Investments, at cost		-		-		57,301		-		-		57,301
Capital assets:												÷
Land		10,000		_		-		72,611		61,124		143,735
Depreciable buildings, property, equipment and		,								V1/121		1-10,1 00
infrastructure, net of depreciation (Notes 1 & 2)	٠ _	3,749,602	_	7,634,552		-	_	274,572	_	12,471		11,671,197
Total assets	\$	4,110,787	\$_	7,839,974	\$_	128,623	\$_	379,015	\$_	90,921 \$		12,549,320
1 t-1 1941	_								_			
Liabilities:												
Current liabilities:	_											
Due to other funds	\$	12,986	\$	- \$	\$	(12,986)	\$	-	\$	- \$	i	-
Meter deposit liability				-		141,609		-		-		141,609
Notes payable (Note 2)		350,361		187,694		-		-		-		538,055
Settlement payable (Note 2)		45,000		•		-		-		-		45,000
Revenue bonds payable (Note 2)		310,000		-		-		-		**		310,000
Non-current liabilities:												
Notes payable (Note 2)		1,084,539		4,567,103		-		-		-		5,651,642
Settlement payable (Note 2)		63,750		-		-		-		-		63,750
Revenue bonds payable (Note 2)	_	825,000	_		_	-	-	-	_			825,000
Total liabilities		2,691,636	_	4,754,797	_	128,623	_	-	_			7,575,056
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets		1,189,702		2,879,755		-		347,183		73,595		4,490,235
Restricted		152,268		167,983		_						320,251
Unrestricted	_	77,181		37,439	_	-	_	31,832	_	17,326		163,778
Total net position	\$_	1,419,151	\$ <u></u>	3,085,177	\$	-	\$_	379,015	\$_	90,921		4,974,264

CITY OF PAWNEE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2021

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	-	Pawnee Public Works Authority			ority		Pawnee	Pawnee				
		Water & Electric		Sewage & Solid Waste		Meter Fund		Industrial Authority (Non-major)		Municpial Authority (Non-major)		Totals
Revenues:	-		_		_		_			· · · · · · ·		
Electric	\$	2,529,477	\$	•	\$	-	\$	- 9	3	- ;	\$	2,529,477
Water		417,488		-		-		-		-		417,488
Sewer		-		247,772		-		-		-		247,772
Refuse				297,835		-		-		.		297,835
Late charges		65,521		11,563		-				-		77,084
Rental		-		-		-		17,520		36,500		54,020
Sales and fees				-		_		-		_		
Miscellaneous	-	44,409	. –	7,901	_		_		_	2,334	_	54,644
Total revenues	_	3,056,895	_	565,071	_	-	_	17,520	_	38,834		3,678,320
Operating expenses:												
General & administrative		87,883		15,907		-		436		36,822		141,048
Personal services		335,888		105,225		-				-		441,113
Electric service		1,291,982		-		-		-		-		1,291,982
Water service		103,159		-		-		•		-		103,159
Sewer & refuse service		-		414,104		-		-		•		414,104
Depreciation	-	214,232	_	278,318	_		-	22,881	_	1,401	_	516,832
Total operating expenses	_	2,033,144		813,554	_	-		23,317	_	38,223		2,908,238
Income before non-operating revenues,												
expenses & transfers	-	1,023,751	-	(248,483)	_	•	-	(5,797)	_	611	_	770,082
Non-operating revenues (expenses):												
Interest income		353		43		-		12		2		410
Interest expense		(244,989)		(4,533)		-		(7,506)		-		(257,028)
Grant revenue		113,871		15,978		-		-		<u>.</u>		129,849
Property sales		8,919		-		-		-		-		8,919
Trustee fees	-	(2,475)	_	(900)	_	•	_		_		_	(3,375)
Total non-operating	-	(124,321)	_	10,588	_	-	_	(7,494)	_	2		(121,225)
Income (loss) before operating transfers	_	899,430	_	(237,895)		- '	_	(13,291)	_	613		648,857
Transfers in (out)	_	(391,205)	_	149,066	_		_	19,208	_			(222,931)
Change in net position		508,225		(88,829)		-		5,917		613		425,926
Net position at beginning of year	_	910,926	_	3,174,006	_	-	_	373,098	_	90,308	_	4,548,338
Net position at end of year	\$_	1,419,151	\$_	3,085,177	\$_	-	\$	379,015	\$ =	90,921	\$	4,974,264

CITY OF PAWNEE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Busine	ss-type Activi	ties - Enterprise	Funds	
	_	Pawnee Pu	blic Works Auth	ority	Pawnee	Pawnee	
	_	Water & Electric	Sewage & Solid Waste	Meter Fund	Industrial Authority (Non-major)	Municipal Authority (Non-major)	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers & service users	\$	3,012,486 \$	565,071 \$	14,050 \$	17,520 \$	36,500 \$	3,645,627
Cash payments for goods & services & employees Other operating revenues		(1,818,912) 44,409	(535,236) -	-	(436)	(36,822) 2,334	(2,391,406) 46,743
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	1,237,983	29,835	14,050	17,084	2,012	1,300,964
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Change in due to/from Operating transfers in/(out) to other funds		12,986 (391,205)	149,066	(12,986)	- 19,208	-	(000.004)
Net cash provided (used) for noncapital	-	(001,200)	140,000		19,200	<u> </u>	(222,931)
financing activities	-	(378,219)	149,066	(12,986)	19,208		(222,931)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Principal paid on debt		(675,084)	(179,987)	-	(10,090)	- \$	(865,161)
Interest paid on debt		(244,870)	(4,533)	-	(7,506)	-	(256,909)
Grant monies received Acquisition & construction of capital assets		113,871	15,978	-	-	_	129,849
Sale of asset		(123,724)	=	-	-	-	(123,724)
Trustee fees		8,919 (2,475)	(900)	-	-	-	8,919
Net cash provided (used) for capital and	-	(2,473)	(900)	 _			(3,375)
related financing activities	_	(923,363)	(169,442)		(17,596)		(1,110,401)
Cash flows from investing activities:							
(Purchase) liquidation of investments - unrestricted		159,040	-	-	•	_	159,040
Interest on investments	_	353	43	<u>-</u>	12	2	410
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	159,393	43		12	2	159,450
Net increase (decrease) in cash & cash equivalents		95,794	9,502	1,064	18,708	2,014	127,082
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		227,612	195,920	70,258	13,124	15,312	522,226
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ =	323,406 \$	205,422 \$	71,322 \$	31,832 \$	17,326_\$	649,308
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Operating income	\$_	1,023,751 \$	(248,483) \$	\$_	(5,797) \$	611_\$	770,082
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities;		214,232	278,318	-	22,881	1,401	516,832
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable			-	-	-	-	_
increase (decrease) in payroll taxes payable		-		-	-		-
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses			-	-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in meter deposit liability Total adjustments		244 222	270 240	14,050			14,050
rvar aujaounente	_	214,232	278,318	14,050	22,881	1,401	530,882
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$_	1,237,983 \$	29,835 \$	14,050 \$	17,084 \$	2,012 \$	1,300,964

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Pawnee, Oklahoma (the City) accounting policies and financial statement presentation conform to the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governments. The modified cash basis of accounting is based on the recording of cash and cash equivalents and changes therein, and only recognizes revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities resulting from cash transactions adjusted for modifications that have substantial support in generally accepted accounting principles and are recommended by the Government Financial Officers Association (GFOA) small government annual financial report model. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected, and accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received by not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities, including pension liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted by GASB, the government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental funds would utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting, and the proprietary funds would utilize the accrual basis of accounting.

The more significant accounting policies established in the modified cash basis of accounting and used by the City as well as a further description of departures from governmental GAAP are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Pawnee, Oklahoma was organized under the statutes of the State of Oklahoma. The City operates under a statutory aldermanic form of government in which the citizens elect a mayor at large and eight council members by wards. The City provides the following services as authorized by state statutes: general government, public safety (fire, police and ambulance), streets, public works (electric, water, sewer, and refuse), judicial, health and social services, culture, parks and recreation, public improvements, and planning and zoning for the geographical area organized as the City of Pawnee, Oklahoma.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the activities of the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with the data of the primary government.

Blended Component Units:

The Pawnee Public Works Authority (PPWA) was created pursuant to a Trust Indenture dated July 2, 1979, to finance, operate, construct and administer any public works, improvements or facilities for the benefit of the City of Pawnee, Oklahoma. The public works systems owned by the City have been leased to the PPWA. The PPWA is a public trust and an agency of the State of Oklahoma under Title 60, Oklahoma Statutes, and is governed by a board consisting of seven trustees identical with the City Council. The PPWA is exempt from State and Federal Income taxes. The PPWA is reported as an enterprise fund and includes the Water and Electric Fund and the Sewage and Solid Waste Fund.

The Pawnee Industrial Authority (PIA) was created pursuant to a Trust Indenture dated June 22, 1966, to promote the development of industry for the benefit of the City of Pawnee, Oklahoma. The PIA is a public trust and an agency of the State of Oklahoma under Title 60, Oklahoma Statutes, and is governed by a board consisting of seven trustees identical with the City Council. The PIA is exempt from State and Federal Income taxes. The PIA is reported as an enterprise fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Pawnee Municipal Hospital Authority (PMHA) was created pursuant to a Trust Indenture dated March 3, 1975, to finance, operate, construct, regulate, administer or lease any hospital and related facilities for the benefit of the City of Pawnee, Oklahoma. The hospital facilities owned by the City have been leased to the PMHA, which in turn has sub-leased the facilities to an independent operating company. The PMHA is a public trust and an agency of the State of Oklahoma under Title 60, Oklahoma Statutes, and is governed by a board consisting of seven trustees identical with the City Council. The PMHA is exempt from State and Federal Income taxes. The PMHA is reported as a special revenue fund.

The Pawnee Municipal Authority (PMA) was created pursuant to a Trust Indenture dated July 8, 1983, to finance, operate, and administer the Pawnee Municipal Golf Course for the benefit of the City of Pawnee, Oklahoma. The golf course owned by the City has been leased by the PMA to outside interests. The PMA is a public trust and an agency of the State of Oklahoma under Title 60, Oklahoma Statutes, and is governed by a board consisting of seven trustees appointed by the City Council. The PMA is exempt from State and Federal Income taxes. The PMA is reported as an enterprise fund.

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City's financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information. Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are normally prepared using the accrual basis of accounting but the City of Pawnee's presentation is on a modified cash basis.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on program revenues are presented as general revenues of the city, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements – During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting (Continued)

Fund Accounting – The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds – are used to account for the government's general government activities. The City of Pawnee presents its governmental activities on the modified cash basis of accounting rather than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP requires that governmental fund types would use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under that basis of accounting, revenues would be recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. GAAP provides that all revenues are available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. For GAAP, expenditures would be recorded when the fund liability is incurred with certain exceptions (general long-term debt and certain compensated absences, claims and judgments).

The City of Pawnee records governmental fund expenditures as they are paid rather than when the obligation is incurred.

Sales and use taxes, cigarette taxes, gasoline excise taxes and motor vehicle taxes collected and held by the state and county at year-end on behalf of the City are susceptible to accrual under GAAP but are not recognized as revenue until received under the modified cash basis. Other receipts and taxes (franchise taxes, licenses, etc.) are recognized as revenue when received by the government.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – is the main operating fund of the City. It accounts and reports for all financial resources not required to be reported in another fund.

Other governmental funds of the City that are considered non-major funds include:

<u>Special Revenue funds</u> - account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes (not including major capital projects). The following are the City's Special Revenue Funds: Street and Alley Fund, Cemetery Fund, 911 Fund, and Pawnee Municipal Hospital Authority Fund.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> – accounts for and reports resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those activities financed by proprietary activities or held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments. The City currently does not have any capital project funds.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – accounts for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to principal and interest payments. At balance sheet date there is no known bond, coupon, or judgment indebtedness outstanding. The City's Debt Service Funds are the Sinking Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting (Continued)

<u>Permanent Funds</u> – account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings (not principal) may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, excluding private-purpose trusts. The fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the measurement focus is essentially the flow of current financial resources. The City's permanent fund is composed of the Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund.

Proprietary funds — Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds. In the City's modified cash basis financial statements revenues are recorded when received and expenditures are recorded when paid with the exception of payroll taxes withheld, other withholdings, and accrued compensated absences which the City records as a modification to the cash basis of accounting. The accrual amounts are not material to the financial statement presentation. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise funds.

<u>Enterprise funds</u> – are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where the governing body has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for capital maintenance, public policy or management accountability.

The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

Water & Electric Fund – accounts for the operations of providing public works (electric & water).

Sewage and Solid Waste Fund - accounts for the operations of providing public works (sewer & refuse).

The other enterprise funds of the City do not meet the percentage criteria for major funds but the City has elected to treat the following two non-major funds as though they were major funds for purposes of presentation within the proprietary funds of the financial statements rather than aggregating this information separately solely for the benefit of user understandability of the financial statements.

<u>Pawnee Industrial Authority</u> – accounts for the operations of providing building rentals to industrial businesses. The City has elected this fund to be treated as a major fund.

<u>Pawnee Municipal Authority</u> – accounts for the operations and maintenance of a public golf course. The City has elected this fund to be treated as a major fund.

Fiduciary funds – account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Trust funds account for assets held by the government under the terms of a formal trust agreement. Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity. The City does not have a fiduciary fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

Oklahoma Statutes authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, passbooks, bankers' acceptances, and other available bank investments provided that all deposits are fully covered by approved securities pledged to secure those funds. In addition, the City can invest in direct debt securities of the United States unless law expressly prohibits such an investment.

For financial statement presentation and for purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and certificates of deposit with a maturity date of three months or less. Debt instruments with a maturity date of more than three months are considered to be investments. Investments are stated at cost.

2. Restricted Cash and Investments

The restricted cash and investments are the result of financial requirements of Utility System Revenue Bonds issued by the Pawnee Public Works Authority and consist of funds held in a Debt Service Fund and a Bond Reserve Fund. Under the terms and provisions of the promissory note, these special funds are maintained with the Trustee bank for the benefit of the holders of the bonds and are not subject to lien or attachment by any other creditors. These funds are to be maintained so long as the bonds are outstanding. Monies contained in the funds held by the Trustee are required to be continuously invested in authorized securities that mature not later than the respective dates when the funds shall be required for the purpose intended by the bonds.

3. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The City's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents and investments. The City's estimates of the fair value of all financial instruments do not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

4. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

5. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due from other/due to other funds".

6. Inventories

Inventories in both governmental funds and proprietary funds normally consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The costs of such inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

7. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The City's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges, culverts, curbs and gutter, streets and sidewalks, drainage system, lighting systems and similar assets that are immovable and of value only to the City. Such infrastructure assets acquired after July 1, 2003 are capitalized in accordance with the requirements of GASB 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life or not are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in proprietary funds as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	15-40 years	15-40 years
Vehicles, equipment, and furniture	`5-20 years	`5-20 years
Utility systems	15-40 years	15-40 years

8. Compensated Absences

City employees are entitled to vacation and sick leave benefits in varying amounts based on their length of employment. It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused absences to specified maximums. With minor exceptions, compensated absences either vest or accumulate and are accrued when they are earned. Generally employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave upon termination. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave upon termination. At the option of the employee, compensatory time off may be taken in lieu of cash payment for overtime worked. As a result of the City's use of the modified cash basis of accounting, accrued liabilities related to compensated absences earned but unpaid at year end are not reflected in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

9. Long-term Obligations

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to long-term liabilities associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Therefore, long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

10. Net Position/Fund Balance

In the government-wide financial statement, net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when limitations on its use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws or other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned, as appropriate.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amount that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment. The City Ordinance is the highest level of decision-making authority of the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances includes all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purpose in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

11. Resource Use Policy

It is in the City's policy for all funds that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including fund balances, are available, the City considers restricted amounts to be spent first before any unrestricted amounts are used. Furthermore, it is the City's policy that when an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned resources, including fund balances, are available, the City considers committed amounts to be spent first, followed by assigned amounts and lastly unassigned amounts.

2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk

At June 30, 2021, the City held deposits of approximately \$1,135,998 at financial institutions. The City's cash deposits, including interest-bearing certificates of deposit, are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligation of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Investment Credit Risk

The City has no policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- a. Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- b. Certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- c. With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS (Continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

- d. County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- e. Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- f. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous paragraphs (a.-d.).

The deposits and investments held at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

•		Governmental Activities	_	Business-type Activities	 Total
Type:	\$		\$		\$
Money Market		295,016		337,773	632,789
Certificates of deposit		106,594		85,080	191,674
Govt Bond and Mutual Funds		-		311,535	311,535
Total deposits	\$	401,610	_ _\$	734,388	\$ 1,135,998
Reconciliation to the statement of net	posi	tion:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	288,739	\$	260,181	\$ 548,920
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		6,278		389,127	395,405
Investments		106,594		27,779	134,373
Restricted investments		-		57,301	57,301
Total	\$]	401,611	\$	734,388	\$ 1,135,999

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The City has the following of credit risk: 17% in Certificates of deposit (\$191,674), 27% in Government bond and mutual funds (\$311,535), 56% in Money Market funds (\$632,789).

B. Restricted Cash and Investments

Under terms and provisions of the Bond Indenture, special accounts and reserve funds of the Pawnee Public Works Authority (PPWA) are maintained with the Trustee Bank for the benefit of the holders of the Bonds and are not subject to lien or attachment by any creditors of the PPWA. These accounts and reserve funds are to be maintained so long as any Bonds are outstanding.

Monies contained in the accounts and reserve funds held by the Trustee are required to be continuously invested in authorized securities that mature not later than the respective dates when the funds shall be required for the purpose intended by the trust indenture.

City of Pawnee:	
Cemetery	\$ 118,115
Other purposes	163,448
Pawnee Public Works Authority:	
Customer meter deposits	128,623
BIA	5,260
Revenue fund	314,990
Total restricted cash and investments	\$ 730,436

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS (Continued)

C. Capital Assets

Primary Government capital asset activity for the year ended is as follows:

		Balance						Balance
Governmental Activities:	_	6/30/20		Additions		Disposals		6/30/21
Non-depreciable assets:								
Land	\$_	134,000	\$_		\$_		\$_	134,000
Total non-depreciable assets	_	134,000	_	-			_	134,000
Depreciable assets:								
Buildings & improvements		2,322,378		-		-		2,322,378
Furniture & major movable equipment		2,144,202		137,484		2,369		2,279,317
Infrastructure	_	872,897				_		872,897
Total depreciable assets	_	5,339,477	_	137,484		2,369	_	5,474,592
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings & improvements		(1,032,721)		(23,224)		_		(1,055,945)
Furniture & major movable equipment		(1,817,056)		(75,585)		(2,369)		(1,890,272)
Infrastructure	_	(332,985)	_	(21,822)				(354,807)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(3,182,762)		(120,631)	_	(2,369)	_	(3,301,024)
Net depreciable assets	_	2,156,715		16,853	_		_	2,173,568
Net governmental activities capital assets	\$_	2,290,715	\$_	16,853	\$	<u>-</u>	\$_	2,307,568

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS (Continued)

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities: Non-depreciable assets:	_	Balance 6/30/20	· <u> </u>	Additions	_	Disposals	_	Balance 6/30/21
Land	\$	143,735	æ		\$		æ	440.705
Construction in process	Ψ	140,733	Ψ	<u>-</u>	Φ	-	\$	143,735
Total non-depreciable assets	-	143,735	_		-		-	143,735
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	1-10,100	_		_		-	143,733
Depreciable assets:								
Buildings & improvements		1,285,365		_		_		1,285,365
Sewer treatment facility		10,843,900		-		_		10,843,900
Water treatment facility		3,098,967		-		_		3,098,967
Electric system improvements		1,168,275		_		_		1,168,275
Furniture & major movable equipment		836,973		-		49,669		787,304
Distribution systems		3,145,209		123,724				3,268,933
Total depreciable assets	-	20,378,689	_	123,724	_	49,669	-	20,452,744
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings & improvements		(949,448)		(26,229)		_		(975,677)
Sewer treatment facility		(3,042,740)		(271,098)		_		(3,313,838)
Water treatment facility		(950,696)		(77,474)		_		(1,028,170)
Electric system improvements		(669,508)		(29,207)		_		(698,715)
Furniture & major movable equipment		(766,613)		(13,835)		(49,669)		(730,779)
Distribution systems		(1,935,379)		(98,989)		- 1		(2,034,368)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(8,314,384)	_	(516,832)	_	(49,669)	_	(8,781,547)
Net depreciable assets		12,064,305		(393,108)	_		_	11,671,197
Net business-type activities capital assets	\$_	12,208,040	\$_	(393,108)	\$=	-	\$ =	11,814,932

Depreciation expense was charged to unallocated depreciation and not charged as a direct expense of the various programs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS (Continued)

D. Long-term Debt

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City's long-term debt changed as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Balance July 1, 2020		Additions		Payments and Cancellations	 Balance June 30, 2021	 Amount Due Within One Year
Leases payable Note payable	\$	48,616 10,000	\$	105,250 -	\$	79,865	\$ 74,001 10,000	\$ 61,589 10,000
Total	\$	58,616	\$	105,250	\$	79,865	\$ 84,001	\$ 71,589
Business-type Activities:								
Leases payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Settlement payable		157,500		-		48,750	108,750	45,000
Notes payable		8,141,108	_		_	816,411	 7,324,697	660,362
Total	\$.	8,298,608	\$	-	\$	865,161	\$ 7,433,447	\$ 705,362

At June 30, 2021, the City had the following debt outstanding, to be repaid from governmental activities:

City of Pawnee

City of Pawnee		
Capital lease payable to First National Bank of Pawnee, dated June 21, 2017, in the amount of \$56,900 with an interest rate of 3.00%, secured by a loader, to be paid in 48 monthly installments of \$1,260. This lease was paid off during the current year.	\$	-
Capital lease payable to Arnstrong Bank, dated June 20, 2017, in the amount of \$21,058 with an interest rate of 3.00%, secured by a vehicle, to be paid in 36 monthly installments of \$612. This lease was paid off during the current year.		-
Capital lease payable to First National Bank of Pawnee, dated August 15, 2018, in the amount of \$50,000 with an interest rate of 3.45%, secured by an ambulance, be paid in 60 monthly installments of \$909.		22,777
Capital lease payable to First National Bank of Pawnee, dated February 9, 2021, in the amount of \$105,250 with an interest rate of 1.97%, secured by an ambulance with payment due upon maturity on August 1, 2021.	€,	51,224
Pawnee Municipal Hospital Authority Non-recourse note payable to Pawnee County Economic Development Foundation, dated March 31, 2018, in the amount of \$10,000. bearing no interest, and is not an obligation of the City of Pawnee, to be paid in annual installments of \$1,000 beginning March 31, 2019.		10,000
Total to be repaid from governmental activities	ф -	
Total to be repaid from governmental activities	\$_	84,001

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS (Continued)

D. Long-term Debt (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the City had the following debt outstanding, to be repaid from business-type activities:

	The difference of the differen	c activities.	
Pa	wnee Public Works Authority: Capital lease payable to Armstrong Bank, dated January 8, 2016, in the amount of \$29,500 with an interest rate of 2.80%, secured by a bucket truck, to be paid in monthly installments of \$528. This lease was paid off during the year.	\$ -	-
	Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated May 15, 2009, in the amount of \$1,275,000, with an interest rate of 2.39%, secured by utility assets and revenues, to be paid in semi-annual installments of \$25,500 with final payment due August 15, 2029.	386,9	34
	Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated August 15, 2013 in the amount of \$1,799,570, with an interest rate of 2.74%, secured by utility assets and revenues, to be paid in semi-annual installments with final payment due February 15, 2023.	1,145,9	921
	Note payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, dated May 4, 2011, in the amount of \$5,085,800, with an interest rate of 3.340%, secured by utility assets and revenues, to be paid in semi-annual installments with final payment due on February 15, 2042.	4,367,8	364
	Pawnee Public Works Authority Utility System & Sales Tax Revenue Note, Taxable Series 2014, dated March 14, 2014, in the amount of \$3,005,000 with an interest rate of 3.50%, to be paid in semi-annual installments with a final payment due August 1, 2024.	1,135,0	000
	Pawnee Public Works Authority Utility System & Sales Tax Revenue Note, Series 2014A, dated July 25, 2014, in the amount of \$755,000 with an interest rate of 2.59%, to be paid in semi-annual installments with a final payment due on July 1, 2024.	287,0	000
	Note payable to First National Bank of Pawnee, secured by certificates of deposit, dated March 23, 2020, and to be paid in a single installment with an interest rate of 3.40%. This note was paid off during the year.	-	-
	Note payable to First National Bank of Pawnee, secured by certificates of deposit, dated December 22, 2017, and to be paid in a single installment with an interest rate of 2.60%. This note was paid off during the year.	-	<u>.</u>
	Note payable to First National Bank of Pawnee, dated October 16, 2018, in the amount of \$20,000, with an interest rate of 3.75%, secured by a digger truck, to be paid in 36 monthly installments of \$588.	1,9	978
	Settlement payable to Lone Chimney Water Association in the amount of \$225,000, dated April 23, 2018, unsecured, payable in monthly installments of \$3,750, and bearing no interest.	108,7	'50
	wnee Industrial Authority: Note payable to Central Oklahoma Economic Development District, Inc., dated March 13, 1996, in the amount of \$150,000, with an interest rate of 8.50%, secured by a commercial building, to be paid in monthly installments of \$1,161. This note was paid off during the year.		<u>-</u>
	Total to be repaid from business-type activities	\$ <u>7,433,4</u>	47

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

2. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS (Continued)

D. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Payment Requirements to Maturity:

Year Ending	_	G	ove	rnmental Ac	tiviti	ies	E	Busi	ness-type Act	iviti	ies
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Totals	Principal		Interest		Totals
2022	\$	71,589	\$	664	\$	72,253	\$ 705,362	\$	203,224	\$	908,586
2023		10,678		224		10,902	723,653		183,106		906,759
2024		1,734		6		1,740	723,931		162,365		886,296
2025		-		-		-	507,537		141,177		648,714
2026		-		-		-	304,031		129,494		433,525
2027-2031		-		-		-	1,584,495		523,195		2,107,690
2032-2036		-		-		-	1,309,071		321,711		1,630,782
2037-2041		_		-		-	1,290,248		145,879		1,436,127
2042	_	-	_	-		-	 285,119	_	6,157		291,276
Total	\$	84,001	\$_	894	\$_	84,895	\$ 7,433,447	\$	1,816,308	\$	9,249,755

3. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City and its public trusts are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; unemployment; and natural disasters. These risks are managed by securing commercial insurance for all risks except workers' compensation. Management believes such insurance coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

The City is a member of the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group Workers' Compensation Plan (the Plan), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage through the State Insurance Fund to participating municipalities in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, the Plan is responsible for providing loss control services and certain fiscal activities including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the Plan year.

As a member of the Plan, the City is required to pay fees set by the Plan according to an established payment schedule. The City is responsible for complying with all requirements of the Oklahoma Workers' Compensation Act. A Loss Fund has been established from the proceeds of fees paid by the City. The State Insurance Fund provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the City's Liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of that fund. However, failure of the State Insurance Fund to honor its obligations could result in losses to the Plan.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Pending Litigation:

From time to time, the City and its public trusts may be parties to various legal proceedings or have threatened litigation which normally occurs in the course of municipal government operations; however, the City's legal counsel advises that at report date, there were no pending issues. State Constitution and statutes provide for the levy of an ad valorem tax over a three-year period by a sinking fund for the payment of any court assessed judgment rendered against the City (this provision is not available to public trusts). The City also carries insurance that provides some degree of protection for litigation and legal proceedings.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

3. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

B. Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

Grant Awards:

The City participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. The City has not been notified of any noncompliance with federal or state award requirements.

Landfill;

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. Closure and post-closure care costs, are not presently determinable, and it is not known if these matters will have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

C. Employee Retirement System and Other Benefit Plans

The City participates in two employee pension systems as follows:

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement Plan - Cost Sharing Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OkMRF) Agent Multiple Employer - Defined Benefit Plan

Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City of Pawnee, as the employer, participates in the Firefighters Pension & Retirement – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension & Retirement System (FPRS). Title 11 of the Oklahoma State Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the FPRS. FPRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ok.gov/fprs.

Benefits provided - FPRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits to members of the plan.

Benefits for members hired prior to November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have completed 20 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$150.60 per month. Benefits vest with 10 years or more service.

Benefits for members hired after November 1, 2013 are determined as 2.5 percent of the employee's final average compensation times the employee's years of service and have reached the age of 50 or have completed 22 years of service, whichever is later. For volunteer firefighters, the monthly pension benefit for normal retirement is \$165.66 per month. Benefits vest with 11 years or more service.

All firefighters are eligible for immediate disability benefits. For paid firefighters, the disability in-the-line-of-duty benefit for firefighters with less than 20 years of service is equal to 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months of service. For firefighters with over 20 years of service, a disability in-the-line-of-duty is calculated based on 2.5% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 30 months, per years of service, with a maximum of 30 years of service. For disabilities not-in-the-line-of-duty, the benefit is limited to only those with less than 20 years of service and is 50% of final average monthly compensation, based on the most recent 60-month salary as opposed to 30 months. For volunteer firefighters, the not-in-the-line-of-duty disability is also limited to only those with less than 20 years of

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

3. OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

C. Employee Retirement System and Other Benefit Plans (Continued)

service and is \$7.53 per year of service. For volunteer firefighters, the in-the-line-of-duty pension is \$150.60 with less than 20 years of service, or \$7.53 per year of service, with a maximum of 30 years.

A \$5,000 lump sum death benefit is payable to the qualified spouse or designated recipient upon the participant's death. The \$5,000 death benefit does not apply to members electing the vested benefit.

<u>Contributions</u> – The contributions requirements of the Plan are at an established rate determined by Oklahoma Statute and are not based on actuarial calculations. Employees are required to contribute 9% of their annual pay. Participating cities are required to contribute 14% of the employees' annual pay. The required contribution from the City for this plan was \$14,484, \$7,050 and \$6,628 for 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively.

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund - Defined Benefit Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> — The City provides pension benefits for substantially all of its full-time employees (excluding firemen who are covered under a separate state retirement system) through a defined benefit cost-sharing plan with the Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund (OMRF), an agent multiple employer defined benefit plan. An employee includes any person who, if last hired after July 1, 1971, had not reached his 60th birthday at the time of hiring. An employee is eligible to participate in the Plan on the employee's employment commencement date, which means the first day of the first pay period during which the employee receives wages as an employee from which federal taxes are withheld. An employee becomes fully vested after ten years. The OkMRF plan issues a separate financial report and can be obtained from OkMRF or from their website: www.okmrf.org/reports.html. Benefits are established or amended by the City Council in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-101-102.

Contribution Requirements

The City Council has the authority to set and amend contribution rates by ordinance for the OkMRF defined benefit plan in accordance with O.S. Title 11, Section 48-102. The contribution rates for the current fiscal year have been made in accordance with an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019, the City recognized \$70,361, \$43,106 and \$55,728 of employer contributions to the plan, respectively, which equals the actuarially determined amount based on covered payroll.

4. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events and transactions through the date of the audit report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management continues to evaluate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the City and has concluded that while it is reasonably possible that the virus could have a negative effect on the City's financial position and results of its operations, the specific impact is not readily determinable as of the date of these financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2021

CITY OF PAWNEE

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) AND ACTUAL

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

GENERAL FUND

	_	Budgete	d A	Amounts				Variance with
		Original		Final				Final Budget
B	_	Budget	_	Budget		Actual	_	Over (Under)
Revenues:	•	222 745		222 747	_			
Charges for services	\$	300,715	\$	300,715	\$	388,313	\$	87,598
Licenses & permits		40,598		40,598		3,360		(37,238)
Interest		300		300		7,906		7,606
Franchise fees		19,533		19,533		15,823		(3,710)
Fines & forfeitures		20,233		20,233		21,119		886
Taxes		694,554		694,554		927,165		232,611
Grants		7,380		7,380		273,239		265,859
Donations		1,600		1,600		3,025		1, 4 25
Miscellaneous	_	77,926		77,926		83,736		5,810
Total revenues		1,162,839	-	1,162,839		1,728,681		565,842
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		395,536		395,536		591,851		(196,315)
Public safety		659,905		659,905		882,012		(222,107)
Cultural & recreational		230,907		230,907		206,395		24,512
Leases payable		33,369		33,369		64,679		(31,310)
Capital outlay		55,000		55,000		137,484		(82,484)
Total expenditures	_	1,374,717	-	1,374,717		1,882,421	-	(507,704)
Excess of revenue over								
(under) expenditures		(211,878)		(211,878)		(153,740)		58,138
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in (out)		264,049		264,049		120,784		(143,265)
Loan proceeds	_	-	_	-		105,250	_	105,250
Net changes in fund balance		52,171		52,171		72,294		20,123
Fund balance at beginning of year		140,190	-	140,190		140,190	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$_	192,361	\$_	192,361	\$	212,484	\$_	20,123

CITY OF PAWNEE

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) AND ACTUAL

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

(Unaudited)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

		Budgeted A	mounts			Variance with
	_	Original	Final			Final Budget
Bayyana		Budget	Budget	-	Actual	Over (Under)
Revenues:	٨	0547.0	0.547		40.000 +	
Intergovernmental programs Donations	\$	6,547 \$	6,547	\$	18,393 \$	11,846
Charges for services		70,000	70.000		2,050	2,050
Interest		70,000	70,000		78,125 584	8,125
Miscellaneous		_			326	584 326
Grants		_	_		520	320
Total revenues	_	76,547	76,547		99,478	22,931
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		-	-		-	_
Public safety		50,000	50,000		42,390	7,610
Highways, roads & airport		208,900	208,900		166,737	42,163
Cultural, parks & recreation		-	-		8,194	(8,194)
Leases payable		-	-		15,212	(15,212)
Capital outlay	_	<u>- </u>	-		- .	-
Total expenditures		258,900	258,900		232,533	26,367
Excess of revenue over						
(under) expenditures		(182,353)	(182,353)		(133,055)	49,298
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in (out)	_	- -	-		102,147	102,147
Net changes in fund balance		(182,353)	(182,353)		(30,908)	151,445
Fund balance at beginning of year	_	220,034	220,034		220,034	
Fund balance at end of year	\$_	37,681_\$	37,681	\$_	189,126 \$	151,445

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Unaudited)

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified cash basis of accounting. The enterprise funds and internal service fund adopt budgets on the non-GAAP basis wherein service fees, bond and note proceeds are recognized as revenue, principal payments on debt and capital expenditures are recognized as expenses, and depreciation expense is not budgeted. Annual appropriated budgets are not adopted for the agency funds. Budgetary data for enterprise funds, internal service, and permanent funds are not presented in these financial statements.

Prior to July 1, the City Mayor (an elected official) submits a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1, to the Commissioners (elected officials). Public hearings are held at regular or special meetings to obtain taxpayer input. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a budget resolution. The operating budget, for all budgeted funds, includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing. Each fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line-item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class as follows: personal services, maintenance and operations, capital outlay, transfers, and debt service. This constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. A more detailed budget is used for operating purposes. All budget revisions at the legal level are subject to final approval by the City Council. Within these control levels, management may transfer appropriations without council approval. Revisions to the budget were made during the year in accordance with the provisions of the Oklahoma Statutes. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

The City does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

CITY OF PAWNEE COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2021

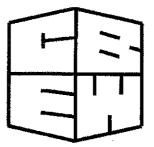
				Special Revenue	en		Debt Service	Total
		911	Cemetery	Street & Alley	Cemetery Perpetual	Pawnee Municipal Hospital	Sinking	Non-Major Governmentai
Assets:	 ₩	Fund 42 578 ←	Fund R 003 &	Fund 20.430 &	Care 62 900 ≰	Authority	Fund	Funds 133 011
Investments at cost)	÷ ,		÷ 00 -	55,205	' '	t	
Due from other funds	1		1	,		ı	1	
Total assets	⊌	42,578 \$	8,003 \$	20,430 \$	118,115 \$		φ -	189,126
Liabilities:	¥	<i>\tau</i>	4		<i>\tau</i>		€ .	,
Total liabilities	 *		÷	•' ' 		1 1		
Fund balances: Restricted		42,578	8,003	20,430	118,115	•	ı	189,126
Total fund balances	1	42,578	8,003	20,430	118,115	1	1	189,126
Total liabilities and fund balances	(9	42,578 \$	\$,003	20,430 \$	118,115 \$	1	\$7 □ □	189,126

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

MODIFIED CASH BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Special Revenue	en		Debt Service	Total
				Street &	Cemetery	Pawnee		Non-Major
		911	Cemetery	Alley	Perpetual	Municipal Hospital	Sinking	Governmental
	i.	בחוום	runa	rung	Care	Authority	rund	Funds
Intergovernmental programs	↔	ن	∽	18,393 \$	₽	⇔	⇔	18,393
Donations		1	20	•	2,000	•	1	2,050
Charges for services		65,399	12,726	1	1	1		78,125
Interest		ၑ	572	ဖ			ı	584
Miscellaneous revenues			ı	326	•	•	1	326
Grants	ı	1	1		1	ı		1
Total revenues	क	65,405 \$	13,348 \$	18,725 \$	2,000 \$	\$	φ ·	99,478
Expenditures:								
Public safety	υ	42,390 \$	4	⇔	⇔	€	₩	42,390
Highways & roads			ı	166,737	•	•	1	166,737
Cultural, parks & recreation		•	8,194	r		•		8,194
Economic development		1	1	ı	ı	•	•	•
Lease payments		,	1	15,212	,	•	ı	15,212
Capital outlay		•	1	J	•	•	•	•
Total expenditures		42,390	8,194	181,949	- I	1	1	232,533
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		23,015	5,154	(163,224)	2,000	i	1	(133,055)
Transfers in (out)	I	(22,093)	(8,989)	169,728	1	(35,499)	1	102,147
Fund balance - beginning of year	l	41,656	12,838	13,926	116,115	35,499	,	220,034
Fund balance - end of year	₩	42,578 \$	8,003 \$	20,430 \$	118,115 \$	\$	ь»" !	189,126

REPORT REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS June 30, 2021



CBEW Professional Group, LLP

Certified Public Accountants P.O. Box 790 Cushing, OK 74023 918-225-4216 FAX 918-225-4315

Charles E. Crooks, Jr., CPA - Trisha J. Rieman, CPA - Gabrielle M. Conchola, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

January 3, 2023

The Honorable City Council City of Pawnee Pawnee, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pawnee, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Pawnee, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 3, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or defect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2021-001, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

City of Pawnee January 3, 2023

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2021-002.

City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CBEW Professional Group, LLP

CBEW Professional Group, LLP Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

2021-001. Internal Control - Accounting Records and Record Keeping

<u>Criteria</u>: The City should maintain accounting records that clearly indicate activity by fund where separate funds are required. The accounting system should provide a clear track to the source and use of funds by fund and department. The City is also responsible for keeping records in a suitable condition to accurately support the positions taken by the City relating to any expenditures.

<u>Condition</u>: Receipts are being deposited in special revenue fund accounting and then transfers are being made to the general fund to reimburse the expenditure for a dedicated purpose from the general fund, making it difficult to track compliance as it applied to the use of the funds. Also, during the audit, the City was unable to provide purchase orders and/or receipts to support the expenditures paid during the year. This finding was also noted in 2020.

<u>Cause</u>: The City is using Quickbooks for its accounting system which does not easily adapt to fund accounting. The City did not keep the records organized and readily available, so the City was unable to provide some of the purchase orders and/or receipts at the time of audit.

<u>Effect or Potential Effect</u>: Transactions could be reported in the wrong fund or department. Cash balances by fund may not be accurate. Without having the purchase orders and/or receipts to properly support the expenditures, improper spending could have occurred. Fraud, abuse, or waste could take place and be undetected.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that management be more organized in their record-keeping and consider the implementation of an accounting system with good integrity that is designed to handle fund accounting.

<u>Responsible Official's Response</u>: The City concurs with the recommendation, and has already taken steps to keep records more organized and easier to find. The City has also implemented a new accounting system to better reflect the City's records.

2021-002. Compliance - Lack of Timely Filed Audit

<u>Criteria</u>: In accordance with State Law 11 O.S. §17-105 -113; 60 O.S. § 180.1-.3, copies of the audit report should be supplied along with a prepared annual survey form and filing fee check to the State Auditor within six months of year end.

<u>Condition</u>: The City did not engage an audit firm or complete a fiscal year audit within six months of year end to be submitted to the State Auditor. This finding was also noted in 2020.

<u>Cause</u>: Lack of monitoring.

<u>Effect or Potential Effect</u>: These conditions could result in noncompliance with government agencies and loss of gas excise tax.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend engaging outside assistance on a more frequent basis to ensure financials are ready to be audited quicker after the year is complete.

<u>Responsible Official's Response</u>: The City concurs with the recommendation and understands State requirements. The City is working on getting caught up with audits and state filings.